MNCHIP

Liver Function Panel Lyophilized Kit

Product Name

Liver Function Panel Lyophilized Kit

Packing Specification

Type A: 1 Test / Disc, 10 Discs / Box;

Type B: 1 Test / Disc, 10 Discs / Box

Type A without diluent container: Type B with diluent container.

Testing Instrument

Celercare M or Pointcare M chemistry analyzer

Intended Use

The Liver Function Panel Lyophilized Kit used with the Celercare M or the Pointcare M chemistry analyzer, is intended to be used for the in vitro quantitative determination of total Protein (TP), albumin (ALB), total bilirubin (TBIL), direct bilirubin (DBIL), alanine aminotransferase (ALT), aspartate aminotransferase (AST), gamma glutamyltransferase (GGT), Total bile acid (TBA), Cholinesteras (CHE) and alkaline Phosphatase (ALP)in heparinized whole blood, heparinized plasma, or serum in a clinical laboratory setting or point-of-care location.

The Liver Function Panel Lyophilized Kit measurements are used in e diagnosis of liver and gall bladder diseases.

Principles of Testing

The Liver Function Panel Lyophilized Kit is used to quantitatively test the concentration of the ten biochemical indicators in the sample, which is based on the spectrophotometry. The principles are as follows:

Total Protein (TP)

The total protein method is a Biuret reaction, the protein soluti ated with cupric [Cu(II)] ions in a strong alkali ne medium. The Cu(II) ions react with peptide bonds between the carbonyl oxygen and amide nitrogen atoms to form a colored Cu-protein complex

The amount of total protein present in the sample is directly proportional to the absorbance of the Cu-protein complex. The total protein test is an endpoint reaction and the absorbance is me the difference in absorbance between 546 nm and 800 nm. Total Protein + Cu(II) ___OH · _ Cu-Protein Complex

Albumin (ALB)

Bromcresol green (BCG), when bound with albumin, changes color from a yellow to green color. The absorbance maximum changes with color shift.

Acid PH Albumin Complex BCG + Albumin -Bound albumin is proportional to the concentration of albumin in the sample. This is an endpoint reaction that is measured as the difference

in absorbance between 600 nm and 700 nm. Total Bilirubin (TBIL)

In the enzyme procedure, bilirubin is oxidized by bilirubin oxide (BOD) into biliverdin. Bilirubin is quantitated as the difference in absorbance between 450nm and 546 nm. The initial absorbance of this endpoint reaction is determined from the bilirubin blank cuvette and the final absorbance is obtained from the bilirubin test cuvette. The amount of bilirubin in the sample is proportional to the difference etween the initial and final absorbance measurements Bilirubin + O_2 \longrightarrow Biliverdin + H_2O

Direct Bilirubin (DBIL)

In the enzymatic procedure, the soluble bilirubin complex (direct bilirubin) is oxidized by bilirubin oxidase (BOD) into biliverdin.

Soluble Bilirubin + O_2 BOD Biliverdin + H_2O Direct Bilirubin is quantitated as the difference in absorb 450 nm and 546 nm. The initial absorbance of this end point reaction is determined from the direct bilirubin blank cuvette and the final absorbance is obtained from the direct bilirubin test cuvette. The amount of direct bilirubin in the sample is proportional to the difference between the initial and final absorbance measurements

Alanine Aminotransferase (ALT)

ALT catalyzes the transfer of an amino group from L-alanine α-ketoglutarate to form L-glutamate and pyruvate. Lactate dehydrogenase catalyzes the conversion of pyruvate to lactate Concomitantly, NADH is oxidized to NAD+, as illustrated in the following reaction scheme.

ALT L-Glutamate + Pyruvate L-Alanine + a-Ketoglutarate Pyruvate + NADH + H⁺ LDH Lactate + NAD⁺ The rate of change of the absorbance difference between 340 nm and 405 nm is due to the conversion of NADH to NAD+ and is directly proportional to the amount of ALT present in the sample.

Aspartate Aminotransferase (AST)

AST catalyzes the reaction of L-aspartate and α-ketoglutarate into cetate and L-glutamate. Oxaloacetate is co NADH is oxidized to NAD⁺ by the catalyst MDH.

L-aspartate + a-ketoglutarate AST Oxaloacetate + L-glutamate

L-aspartate + α-ketoglutarate AST Oxaloacetate + Oxaloacetate + NADH+H+ MDH Malate + NAD+ The rate of absorbance change at 340/405 nm caused by the conversion of NADH to NAD+ is directly proportional to the amount of AST present in the sample

Gamma Glutamyltransferase (GGT)

The addition of sample containing gammaglutamyltranferase to the substrates L-y-glutamyl-3-carboxy-4-nitroanilide and glycylglycine causes the formation of L-y-glutamyl- glycylglycine(glu-gly-gly) nd 5-Amino-2-nitrobenzoate.

L-γ-glutamyl-3-carboxy-4-nitroanilide+ glycylglycii GGT Glu-gly-gly + 5-Amino-2 - nitrobenzoate The absorbance of this rate reaction is measured at 405/505 nm. The production is directly proportional to the GGT activity in the sample. Alkaline Phosphatase (ALP)

Under the catalysis of ALP, the Phosphoric acid on nitrobenzene

(4-NNP) was turned into Para nitro phenol (4-NP).4-NP shows a yellow color in alkaline solution. At the wavelength of 405/505nm, the ALP activity can be calculated by monitoring the absorbar

4-NNP _____ALP____ Acyl phosphate + 4-NP

Total bile acid (TBA)

In the presence of the thio-derivative of nicotinamide adenine dinucleotide (Thio-NAD+) the enzyme 3-α-hydroxysteroid-dehydrogenase (3-α-HSD) reversibly oxidize

acids to 3a-Ketosteroid with the concomitant conversion of Thio-NAD+ to its reduced form Thio-NADH. In a cycling reaction, the 3g-Ketosteroid are returned to their reduced state when excess NADH is present. The NADH is converted to NAD+.

The cycling reaction amplifies the levels of bile acids from the s ample. The rate of increase in absorbance at 405 nm (Thio-NADH) is measured and is proportional to the concentration of bile acids in the sample

Cholinesterase (CHE)

Cholinesterase can catalyze the hydrolysis of Butyryl thiocholine to butyric acid and thiocholine. The thiocholine reacts with colorle 5,5'-dithiobis(2-nitrobenzoic acid) (DTNB) and form yellov 5-mercapto-2- nitrobenzoic acid (MNBA), which cauad the absorbance change at 405nm and 505 nm. the CHE activity can be calculated by monitoring the absorbance change rate Butyryl thiocholine + H₂O CHE Butyric acid +Thiocholine \longrightarrow MNBA Thiocholine + DTNB ___ the CHE activity can be calculated by monitoring the a change rate at 405nm and 505 nm.

Principle of Operation

Refer to the Celercare M or the Pointcare M chemistry analyzer Operator's Manual, for the Principles and Limitations of the cedure.

Description of Reagents Each Liver Function Panel Lyophilized Kit contains lyophilized test-specific reagent beads. A lyophilized blank reagent bead includes in each disc for a judgment of error 0209.

Each test-specific reagent beads calibration parameters are including in the two-dimensional code on the label of sealing pouch. Type B is the reagent disc with diluent container

Type A is the reagent disc without diluent contains

Calibration information is included in barcode code. Please check it on the label.

The componen of each Liver Function Panel Lyophilized Kit is as follows (after redissolution):

Component	Quantity
Total protein assay reagent	13.5 μL
Albumin assay reagent	13.5 μL
Total Bilirubin assay reagent	13.5 μL
Direct Bilirubin assay reagent	13.5 μL
Alanine Aminotransferase assay reagent	13.5μL
Aspartate Aminotransferase assay reagent	13.5 μL
Gamma Glutamyltransferaseassay reagent	13.5 μL
Alkaline Phosphatase	13.5 μL
Total bile acid assay reagent	13.5 μL
Cholinesterase assay reagent	13.5 μL
Stabilizer	Appropriate amount

Store reagent discs in their sealed pouches at 2-8°C (36-46°F). Do n expose opened or unopened discs to direct sunlight or temperatures above 32°C (90°F). Reagent discs may be used until the expiration date included on the package. The expiration date is also encoded in the unique code printed on the sealing pouch. An error message will appear on the Celercare M or the Pointcare M chemistry analyze display if the reagents have expired

A torn or otherwise damaged pouch may allow moisture to reach the unused disc and adversely affect reagent performance. Do not use a disc from a damaged pouch

Sample Requirements

Sample collection techniques are described in the "Sample uirement" section of the Celercare M or the Pointcare M chemistry analyzer Operator's Manual.

The required sample usage is 100 uL of lithium heparin whole blood. lithium heparin plasma, serum or quality controls. Please add diluent when using Type A. The required diluent usage is 430 μL of sterilized vater for injection

Whole blood samples collected by venipuncture must be ho before transferring the sample to a reagent disc

At the same time, it is necessary to carry out the test within 60 minutes Before taking the test, shake the lithium heparin blood collection tube gently upside down several times

Light may cause total bilirubin to decompose, causing deviations in the test results. Whole blood samples that are not tested immediately should be stored in a dark environment.

Use only lithium heparin evacuated specimen collection tubes for whole blood or plasma samples.

The test was started within 10 minutes after transferring the sample to the reagent disc

[Interfering Substances]

Studies on known drugs or chemicals have found that when the interfering substances contained in the sample exceed the contents in the table below, the final test results are affected.

Interfering substances concentration (≤)							
Analyte		Intralipid	Hemoglobin	Vitamir C	Pyruvate	Lactic acid	LDH
	mg/dL	mg/dL	mg/dL	mg/dL	mmol/L	mg/dL	U/L
TP	25	1050	200				
ALB	40	600	1000				

TBIL	_	1050	1000	75			
DBIL	_	1050	200	75			
ALT	40	600	50	50	1		
AST	40	600	50	25	1		
GGT	40	1050	200	_			
ALP	40	1050	400	_			
CHE	40	1000	50	100			
TBA	40	1000	400	50		200	1000

[Procedure]

Materials Provided

Liver Function Panel Lyophilized Kit

Celercare M or Pointcare M chemistry analyzer

Please add diluent into the diluent port when using Type A (sterilized water for injection); please tear off the aluminum strip before using for Type B.

Transfer pipettes (fixed volume 100 μL for sample and 430μL for diluent) and tips

Test Procedure

The complete sample collection and step-by-step operating procedures are detailed in the Celercare M or the Pointcare M chemistry analyzer Operator's Manual.

Calibration

Each batch of reagent is calibrated using Rondox standard serum to obtain the disc-specific calibration parameters before shipment. The calibration parameters stored in the two-dimentional code printed on the sealed pouch are provided to analyzer at the time of scanning the code.

Refer to the Celercare M or the Pointcare M chemistry analyzer Operator's Manual for the specific information.

Quality Control

Refer to Operator's Manual of the Celercare M or the Pointcare M chemistry analyzer. Performance of the Celercare M or the Pointcare M chemistry analyzer can be verified by running controls. For a list of approved quality control materials with acceptance ranges. If control results are out of range, repeat one time. If still out of range, call MNCHIP customer service or local distributers for technical support. Do not report the results if controls are outside their labeled

limits Results

The Celercare M or the Pointcare M chemistry analyzer automatically calculates and prints the analyte concentrations in the sample. Details of the endpoint and rate reaction calculations are found in the Celercare M or the Pointcare M chemistry analyzer Operator's Manual

[Normal Reference Ranges]

These ranges are provided as a guideline only. It is recommended that your office or institution establish normal ranges for your particular patient population.

Analyte	SI Units	Common Units
TP	65 ~ 85 g/L	$6.5\sim 8.5~g/dL$
ALB	$40\sim55~g/L$	$4.0\sim5.5~g/dL$
TBIL	$3.4\sim 20~\mu mol/L$	0.20 ~ 1.17 mg/dL
DBIL	$0\sim 6~\mu mol/L$	$0\sim 0.35\ mg/dL$
ALT	Male: 9 ~ 50 U/L;	Male: 9 ~ 50 U/L;
ALI	Female: $7 \sim 40 \text{ U/L}$	Female: $7 \sim 40 \text{ U/L}$
	Male: 15 ~ 40 U/L;	Male: 15 ~ 40 U/L;
AST	Female: 13 ~ 35 U/L	Female: 13 ~ 35 U/L
GGT	Male:10 ~ 60 U/L;	Male:10 ~ 60 U/L;
001	Female: 7 ~ 45 U/L	Female: 7 ~ 45 U/L
	Male Adult:	Male Adult:
	45 ~ 125 U/L;	45~125 U/L;
	Female Adult:	Female Adult:
ALP	$35\sim135\ U/L$	$35\sim135\;U/L$
ALF	Male Children:	Male Children:
	0~750 U/L;	$0\sim750~U/L;$
	Female Children:	Female Children:
	$0\sim 500\;U/L$	$0\sim 500\ U/L$
TBA	$0\sim 9.67~\mu mol/L$	0 ~ 9.67 μmol/L
CHE	5000 ~ 12000 U/L	5000 ~ 12000 U/L

Interpretation of Results

Physiological interferents (hemolysis, icterus and lipemia) cause changes in the reported concentrations of some analytes. The sam indices are printed on the bottom of each printout to inform the operator about the abnormal sample. The operator should avoid sample hemolysis caused by irregular blood collection.

The Celercare M or the Pointcare M chemistry analyzer suppre any results that are affected by >10% interference from hemolysis lipemia or icterus. "HEM", "LIP", or "ICT" respectively, is printed on the printout in place of the result.

Any result for a particular test that exceeds the assay range should be analyzed by another approved test method or sent to a referral laboratory. Do not dilute the sample and run it again on the Celerca M or the Pointcare M chemistry analyzer.

[Limitations of Procedure]

The Liver Function Panel Lyophilized Kit should be used with the Celercare M or the Pointcare M chemistry analyzer, and is just used for in vitro diagnosis (IVD).

As with any diagnostic test procedure, all other test procedures including the clinical status of the patient, should be considered prior to final diagnosis.

Performance Characteristics

Accuracy

Analyte	The relative deviation or absolute deviation should meet the following requirements
TP	$B\% \le 5.0\%$
ALB	$B\% \leq 6.0\%$
TBIL	$B\% \le 10.0\%$

DBIL	B% ≤ 10.0%
ALT	$B\% \le 15.0\%$
AST	$B\% \le 15.0\%$
GGT	$B\% \le 15.0\%$
ALP	$B\% \le 10.0\%$
CHE	$B\% \le 10.0\%$
TBA	B% ≤ 15.0%

Batch precision

Satch precision		
Analyte	Coefficient of variation ($\leq *$)	
TP	2.0%	
ALB	2.0%	
TBIL	5.0%	
DBIL	5.0%	
ALT	5.0%	
AST	5.0%	
GGT	5.0%	
ALP	5.0%	
CHE	4.0%	
TBA	5.0%	

iter batch precision		
Analyte	Relative Range (≤ *)	
TP	5.0%	
ALB	5.0%	
TBIL	10.0%	
DBIL	10.0%	
ALT	10.0%	
AST	10.0%	
GGT	10.0%	
ALP	10.0%	
CHE	6.0%	
TBA	10.0%	

Dynamic Ranges		
Analyte	Dynamic Ranges	
TP	30~100 g/L	
ALB	10~60 g/L	
TBIL	2~800 μmol/L	
DBIL	$2\sim 200~\mu mol/L$	
ALT	$5\sim 1100~U/L$	
AST	$5\sim1100~U/L$	
GGT	$5\sim 1100~U/L$	
ALP	25 ~ 1200 U/L	
CHE	100~ 14000 U/L	
TBA	0~150 μmol/L	

Used reagent discs contain human body fluids. Follow good lab safety practices when handling and disposing of used discs. See the Celercare M or the Pointcare M chemistry analyzer Operator's Manual for instructions on cleaning biohazardous spills.

The reagent discs are plastic and may crack or chip if dropped. Never use a dropped disc as it may spray biohazardous material throughout the interior of the analyzer

Reagent beads may contain acids or caustic substances. The operator does not come into contact with the reagent beads when following the recommended procedures. The operator should avoid ingestion, skin contact, or inhalation of the reagent beads.

The diluent can be selected from purified water having a conductivity(measured at 25°C) greater than 10 MΩ/cm, we recommend using the sterilized water for injection to reduce discrepancies or errors in test results due to the water, and it should be prevented from being exposed to the air for a long time after opening.

Symbor	Explanation
IVD	In vitro diagnostic medical device
***	Manufacturer
EC REP	Authorized representative in the European Communit
≅	Use-by date
LOT	Batch code
~···	Date of manufacture
CE	CE MARK
(II	Consult instructions for use
res	Limit of temperature
UDI	Unique device identifier
2	Do not re-use

(Manufacturer)

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EC REP Umedwings Netherlands B.V.

Symbols Used in Labelling

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