

【Product Name】

Health Checking Profile

【Packing Specification】

Type A: 1 Test / Disc, 10 Discs / Box;

Type B: 1 Test / Disc, 10 Discs / Box.

Type A without diluent container; Type B with diluent container.

【Testing Instrument】

Celercare V or Pointcare V chemistry analyzer

【Intended Use】

Health Checking Profile used with the Celercare V or the Pointcare V chemistry analyzer, is intended to be used for the in vitro quantitative determination of total Protein (TP), albumin (ALB), alanine aminotransferase (ALT), alkaline phosphatase (ALP), total bilirubin (TBIL), creatinine (CRE), urea nitrogen(BUN), glucose (GLU), total cholesterol (CHOL), creatine kinase (CK), amylase (AMY), calcium (Ca), phosphorus (P) in heparinized whole blood, heparinized plasma, or serum in a clinical laboratory setting or point-of-care location.

The Health Checking Profile measurements are used in the diagnosis of liver and gallbladder diseases, urinary system diseases, glucose metabolism and lipid metabolism disorders , pancreatic diseases, cardiovascular diseases.

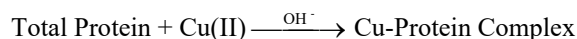
【Principles of Testing】

The Health Checking Profile is used to quantitatively test the concentration of the thirteen biochemical indicators in the sample, which is based on the spectrophotometry. The principles are as follows:

1. Total Protein (TP)

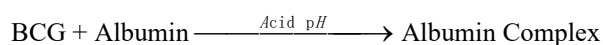
The total protein method is a Biuret reaction, the protein solution is treated with cupric [Cu(II)] ions in a strong alkaline medium. The Cu(II) ions react with peptide bonds between the carbonyl oxygen and amide nitrogen atoms to form a colored Cu-protein complex.

The amount of total protein present in the sample is directly proportional to the absorbance of the Cu-protein complex. The total protein test is an endpoint reaction and the absorbance is measured as the difference in absorbance between 546 nm and 800 nm.



2. Albumin (ALB)

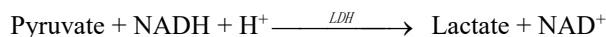
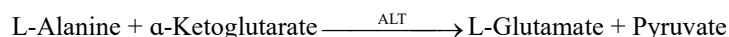
Bromocresol green (BCG), when bound with albumin, changes color from a yellow to green color. The absorbance maximum changes with the color shift.



Bound albumin is proportional to the concentration of albumin in the sample. This is an endpoint reaction that is measured as the difference in absorbance between 600 nm and 700 nm.

3. Alanine Aminotransferase (ALT)

ALT catalyzes the transfer of an amino group from L-alanine to α -ketoglutarate to form L-glutamate and pyruvate. Lactate dehydrogenase catalyzes the conversion of pyruvate to lactate. Concomitantly, NADH is oxidized to NAD^+ , as illustrated in the following reaction scheme.



The rate of change of the absorbance difference between 340 nm and 405 nm is due to the conversion of NADH to NAD^+ and is directly proportional to the amount of ALT present in the sample.

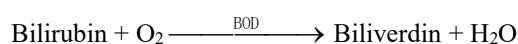
4. Alkaline Phosphatase (ALP)

Under the catalysis of ALP, the Phosphoric acid on nitrobenzene (4-NNP) was turned into Para nitro phenol (4-NP). 4-NP shows a yellow color in alkaline solution. At the wavelength of 405/505nm, the ALP activity can be calculated by monitoring the absorbance change rate.



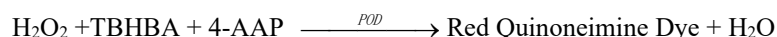
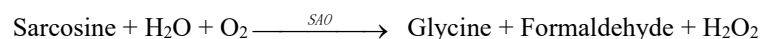
5. Total Bilirubin (TBIL)

In the enzyme procedure, bilirubin is oxidized by bilirubin oxidase (BOD) into biliverdin. Bilirubin is quantitated as the difference in absorbance between 450nm and 546 nm. The initial absorbance of this endpoint reaction is determined from the bilirubin blank cuvette and the final absorbance is obtained from the bilirubin test cuvette. The amount of bilirubin in the sample is proportional to the difference between the initial and final absorbance measurements.



6. Creatinine (CRE)

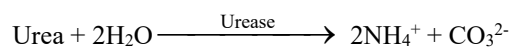
In the coupled enzyme reactions, creatinineamidohydrolase (CAH) hydrolyzes creatinine to creatine. A second enzyme, creatineamidinohydrolase (CRH), catalyzes the formation of sarcosine from creatine. Sarcosine oxidase (SAO) causes the oxidation of sarcosine to glycine, formaldehyde and hydrogen peroxide (H_2O_2). In a Trinder finish, peroxidase (POD) catalyzes the reaction among the hydrogen peroxide, 2, 4, 6-tribromo-3-hydroxybenzoic acid (TBHBA) and 4-aminoantipyrine (4-AAP) into a red quinoneimine dye. Potassium ferrocyanide and ascorbate oxidase are added to the reaction mixture to minimize the potential interference of bilirubin and ascorbic acid respectively.



Two cuvettes are used to determine the concentration of creatinine in the sample. Endogenous creatine is measured in the blank cuvette, which is subtracted from the combined endogenous creatine and the creatine formed from the enzyme reactions in the test cuvette. Once the endogenous creatine is eliminated from the calculations, the concentration of creatinine is proportional to the intensity of the red color produced. The endpoint reaction is measured as the difference in absorbance at 546 nm and 700 nm.

7. Urea Nitrogen (BUN)

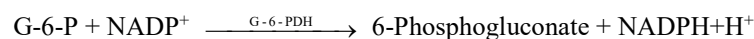
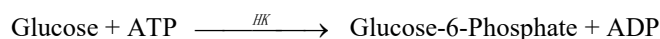
In the coupled-enzyme reaction, urease hydrolyzes urea into ammonia and carbon dioxide. Upon combining ammonia with α -oxoglutarate and reduced nicotinamide adenine dinucleotide (NADH), the enzyme glutamate dehydrogenase (GLDH) oxidizes NADH to NAD^+ .



The rate of change of the absorbance difference between 340 nm and 405 nm is caused by the conversion of NADH to NAD^+ and is directly proportional to the amount of urea present in the sample.

8. Glucose (GLU)

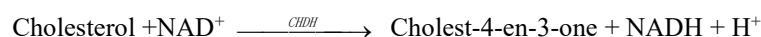
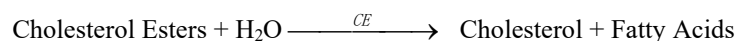
The reaction of glucose with adenosine triphosphate (ATP) catalyzed by hexokinase (HK), produces glucose-6-phosphate (G-6-P) and adenosine diphosphate (ADP). Glucose-6-phosphate dehydrogenase (G-6-PDH) catalyzes the reaction of G-6-P into 6-phosphogluconate and the reduction of nicotinamide adenine dinucleotide phosphate (NADP^+) to NADPH.



The absorbance is measured bichromatically at 340 nm and 405 nm. The production of NADPH is directly proportional to the amount of glucose present in the sample.

9. Total Cholesterol (CHOL)

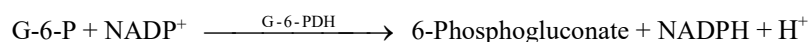
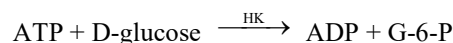
The reaction of CHOL is an enzymatic end-point method that uses cholesterol esterase (CE) and cholesterol dehydrogenase (CHDH). CE hydrolyzes cholesterol esters to form cholesterol and fatty acids. The CHDH reaction converts cholesterol to cholest-4-en-3-one. The NADH is measured bichromatically at 340 nm and 405 nm. NADH production is directly proportional to the amount of cholesterol present. An assay-specific blank is also monitored to ensure no extraneous reactions interfere with the calculations of CHOL levels.



10. Creatine Kinase (CK)

Creatine kinase catalyzes the formation of creatine and adenosine triphosphate (ATP) from creatine phosphate and adenosine diphosphate (ADP). With hexokinase (HK) as a catalyst, ATP reacts with D-glucose to form ADP and D-glucose-6-phosphate (G-6-P), which is reacted with nicotinamide adenine dinucleotide phosphate (NADP^+) in the presence of glucose-6-phosphate dehydrogenase (G-6-PDH) to produce 6-Phosphogluconate (6-PG) and NADPH.

The formation of NADPH is measured as a change in absorbance at 340 nm relative to 405 nm. This absorbance change is directly proportional to creatine kinase activity in the sample.



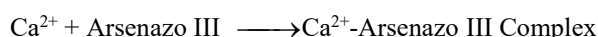
11. Amylase (AMY)

In the coupled-enzyme reaction, amylase in the sample hydrolyzes 2-chloro-4-nitrophenyl-β-1,4-galactopyranosylmaltoside (CNP-G2) to 2-chloro-4-nitrophenol (CNP) producing color and 1,4-galactopyranosylmaltoside. The change in absorbance of the CNP is directly proportional to the amylase activity in the sample at 405nm and 505 nm.



12. Calcium (Ca)

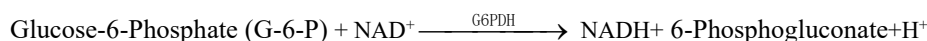
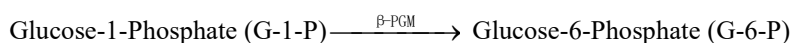
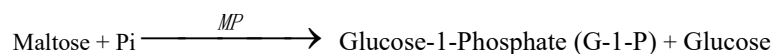
Calcium in the patient sample binds with arsenazo III to form a calcium-dye complex.



It is an endpoint reaction. The amount of total calcium in the sample is proportional to the absorbance.

13. Phosphorus (P)

The enzymatic method for the MNCHIP system uses maltose phosphorylase (MP) coupled through β -phosphoglucomutase (β -PGM) and glucose-6-phosphate dehydrogenase (G6PDH). The amount of NADH formed can be measured as an endpoint at 340/405 nm.



【Principle of Operation】

Refer to the Celercare V or the Pointcare V chemistry analyzer Operator’s Manual, for the Principles and Limitations of the Procedure.

【Description of Reagents】

Each Health Checking Profile contains lyophilized test-specific reagent beads. A lyophilized blank reagent bead includes in each disc for a judgment of error 0209.

Type B is the reagent disc with diluent container.

Type A is the reagent disc without diluent container.

Calibration information is included in barcode code. Please check it on the label.

The componen of each Health Checking Profile is as follows (after redissolution):

Component	Quantity
Total protein assay reagent	13.5 μL
Albumin assay reagent	13.5 μL
Alanine Aminotransferase assay reagent	13.5 μL
Alkaline Phosphatase assay reagent	13.5 μL
Total Bilirubin assay reagent	13.5 μL
Creatinine assay reagent	13.5 μL

Urea assay reagent	13.5 µL
Glucose assay reagent	6.6 µL
Total Cholesterol assay reagent	13.5 µL
Creatine Kinase assay reagent	13.5 µL
Amylase assay reagent	13.5 µL
Calcium assay reagent	9.7 µL
Phosphorus assay reagent	13.5 µL
Stabilizer	Appropriate amount

【Storage】

Store reagent discs in their sealed pouches at 2-8°C (36-46°F). Do not expose opened or unopened discs to direct sunlight or temperatures above 32°C (90°F). Reagent discs may be used until the expiration date included on the package. The expiration date is also encoded in the unique code printed on the sealing pouch. An error message will appear on the Celercare V or the Pointcare V chemistry analyzer display if the reagents have expired.

A torn or otherwise damaged pouch may allow moisture to reach the unused disc and adversely affect reagent performance. Do not use a disc from a damaged pouch.

【Sample Requirements】

Sample collection techniques are described in the “Sample requirement” section of the Celercare V or the Pointcare V-chemistry analyzer Operator’s Manual.

The required sample usage is 100 µL of lithium heparin whole blood, lithium heparin plasma, serum or quality controls. Please add diluent when using Type A. The required diluent usage is 430 µL of sterilized water for injection.

Whole blood samples collected by venipuncture must be homogeneous before transferring the sample to a reagent disc.

At the same time, it is necessary to carry out the test within 60 minutes. Before taking the test, shake the lithium heparin blood collection tube gently upside down several times.

Light may cause total bilirubin to decompose, causing deviations in the test results. Whole blood samples that are not tested immediately should be stored in a dark environment.

Use only lithium heparin evacuated specimen collection tubes for whole blood or plasma samples.

The test was started within 10 minutes after transferring the sample to the reagent disc.

【Interfering Substances】

Studies on known drugs or chemicals have found that when the interfering substances contained in the sample exceed the contents in the table below, the final test results are affected.

Analyte	Interfering substances concentration (≤)							
	Bilirubin mg/dL	Intralipid mg/dL	Hemoglobin mg/dL	Vitamin C mg/dL	Pyruvate mmol/L	Creatine µmol/L	NH ₄ Cl mmol/L	Mg ²⁺ mmol/L
TP	25	1050	200	—	—	—	—	—

ALB	40	600	1000	—	—	—	—	—
ALT	40	600	50	50	1	—	—	—
ALP	40	1050	400	—	—	—	—	—
TBIL	—	1050	1000	75	—	—	—	—
CRE	40	1050	500	25	—	600	—	—
BUN	25	600	1000	—	—	—	1	—
GLU	40	600	1000	50	—	—	—	—
CHOL	40	1000	800	40	—	—	—	—
CK	40	1000	400	100	—	—	—	—
AMY	40	1000	400	100	—	—	—	—
Ca	180	210	200	75	—	—	—	3
P	45	525	100	27	—	—	—	—

【Procedure】

■ Materials Provided

Health Checking Profile

Celercare V or Pointcare V chemistry analyzer

Please add diluent into the diluent port when using Type A (sterilized water for injection); please tear off the aluminum strip before using for Type B.

Transfer pipettes (fixed volume 100 μ L for sample and 430 μ L for diluent) and tips

■ Test Procedure

The complete sample collection and step-by-step operating procedures are detailed in the Celercare V or the Pointcare V chemistry analyzer Operator's Manual.

■ Calibration

Each batch of reagent is calibrated using Randox standard serum to obtain the disc-specific calibration parameters before shipment.

The calibration parameters stored in the two-dimensional code printed on the sealed pouch are provided to analyzer at the time of scanning the code.

Refer to the Celercare V or the Pointcare V chemistry analyzer Operator's Manual for the specific information.

■ Quality Control

Refer to Operator's Manual of the Celercare V or the Pointcare V chemistry analyzer. Performance of the Celercare V or the Pointcare V chemistry analyzer can be verified by running controls. For a list of approved quality control materials with acceptance ranges.

If control results are out of range, repeat one time. If still out of range, call MNCHIP customer service or local distributors for technical support. Do not report the results if controls are outside their labeled limits.

■ Results

The Celercare V or the Pointcare V chemistry analyzer automatically calculates and prints the analyte concentrations in the sample. Details of the endpoint and rate reaction calculations are found in the Celercare V or the Pointcare V chemistry analyzer Operator's Manual.

【Normal Reference Ranges】

These ranges are provided as a guideline only. It is recommended that your office or institution establish normal ranges for your particular patient population.

Analyte	SI Units	Common Units
TP	Dog: 52 ~ 82g/L;	Dog: 5.2 ~ 8.2g/dL;
	Cat: 54 ~ 89g/L	Cat: 5.4 ~ 8.9g/dL
ALB	Dog: 22 ~ 44g/L;	Dog: 2.2 ~ 4.4 g/dL;
	Cat: 22 ~ 45g/L	Cat: 2.2 ~ 4.5 g/dL
ALT	Dog: 10 ~ 140U/L;	Dog: 10 ~ 140U/L;
	Cat: 8.2 ~ 123U/L	Cat: 8.2 ~ 123U/L
ALP	Dog: 20 ~ 150U/L;	Dog: 20 ~ 150U/L;
	Cat: 10 ~ 90U/L	Cat: 10 ~ 90U/L
TBIL	Dog: 2 ~ 15 μ mol/L;	Dog: 0.1 ~ 0.9mg/dL;
	Cat: 2 ~ 15 μ mol/L	Cat: 0.1 ~ 0.9mg/dL
CRE	Dog: 27 ~ 149 μ mol/L;	Dog: 0.3 ~ 1.7mg/dL;
	Cat: 27 ~ 223 μ mol/L	Cat: 0.3 ~ 2.5mg/dL
BUN	Dog: 2.5 ~ 11.5mmol/L	Dog: 7 ~ 32mg/dL
	Cat: 3.6 ~ 15.5mmol/L	Cat: 10 ~ 43mg/dL
GLU	Dog: 3.89 ~ 7.95mmol/L	Dog: 70 ~ 143mg/dL
	Cat: 4.11 ~ 8.84mmol/L	Cat: 74 ~ 159mg/dL
CHOL	Dog: 2.84 ~ 8.26mmol/L	Dog: 110 ~ 320mg/dL
	Cat: 1.68 ~ 5.81mmol/L	Cat: 65 ~ 225mg/dL
CK	Dog: 20 ~ 200U/L;	Dog: 20 ~ 200U/L;
	Cat: 50 ~ 450U/L	Cat: 50 ~ 450U/L
AMY	Dog: 400 ~ 3500U/L;	Dog: 400 ~ 3500U/L;
	Cat: 400 ~ 3500U/L	Cat: 400 ~ 3500U/L
Ca	Dog: 1.98 ~ 2.95mmol/L;	Dog: 7.9 ~ 11.8mg/dL;
	Cat: 1.95 ~ 2.95mmol/L	Cat: 7.8 ~ 11.8mg/dL
P	Dog: 0.81 ~ 2.2mmol/L;	Dog: 2.5 ~ 6.8mg/dL;
	Cat: 1 ~ 2.74mmol/L	Cat: 3.1 ~ 8.5mg/dL

【Interpretation of Results】

Physiological interferents (hemolysis, icterus and lipemia) cause changes in the reported concentrations of some analytes. The sample indices are printed on the bottom of each printout to inform the operator about the abnormal sample. The operator should avoid sample hemolysis caused by irregular blood collection.

The Celercare V or the Pointcare V chemistry analyzer suppresses any results that are affected by >10% interference from hemolysis, lipemia or icterus. “HEM”, “LIP”, or “ICT” respectively, is printed on the printout in place of the result.

Any result for a particular test that exceeds the assay range should be analyzed by another approved test method or sent to a referral laboratory. Do not dilute the sample and run it again on the Celercare V or the Pointcare V chemistry analyzer.

【Limitations of Procedure】

The Health Checking Profile should be used with the Celercare V or the Pointcare V chemistry analyzer, and is just used for in vitro diagnosis (IVD).

As with any diagnostic test procedure, all other test procedures including the clinical status of the patient, should be considered prior to final diagnosis.

【Performance Characteristics】

Accuracy

Analyte	The relative deviation or absolute deviation should meet the following requirements
TP	B% ≤ 6.0%
ALB	B% ≤ 6.0%
ALT	B% ≤ 15.0%
ALP	B% ≤ 10.0%
TBIL	B% ≤ 10.0%
CRE	B% ≤ 10.0%
BUN	B% ≤ 15.0%
GLU	B% ≤ 20.0%
CHOL	B% ≤ 10.0%
CK	B% ≤ 10.0%
AMY	B% ≤ 10.0%
Ca	B% ≤ 5.0%
P	B% ≤ 10.0%

Batch precision

Analyte	Coefficient of variation (≤ *)
TP	5.0%
ALB	2.0%
ALT	8.0%
ALP	5.0%
TBIL	5.0%
CRE	6.0%
BUN	5.0%
GLU	5.0%
CHOL	4.0%
CK	5.0%
AMY	5.0%
Ca	5.0%
P	5.0%

Inter batch precision

Analyte	Relative Range (\leq *)
TP	10.0%
ALB	10.0%
ALT	10.0%
ALP	10.0%
TBIL	10.0%
CRE	10.0%
BUN	10.0%
GLU	10.0%
CHOL	10.0%
CK	10.0%
AMY	10.0%
Ca	10.0%
P	10.0%

Dynamic Ranges

Analyte	Dynamic Ranges
TP	20 ~ 100g/L
ALB	10 ~ 60g/L
ALT	5 ~ 1500U/L
ALP	5 ~ 2000U/L
TBIL	2 ~ 800 μ mol/L
CRE	20 ~ 2000 μ mol/L
BUN	0.9 ~ 35.7mmol/L
GLU	1 ~ 35 mmol/L
CHOL	0.5 ~ 14mmol/L
CK	5 ~ 3000 U/L
AMY	5 ~ 3500 U/L
Ca	0.5 ~ 4mmol/L
P	0.2 ~ 7mmol/L

【Notes】



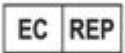




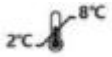

Used reagent discs contain animal body fluids. Follow good laboratory safety practices when handling and disposing of used discs. See the Celercare V or the Pointcare V chemistry analyzer Operator's Manual for instructions on cleaning biohazardous spills.

The reagent discs are plastic and may crack or chip if dropped. Never use a dropped disc as it may spray biohazardous material throughout the interior of the analyzer.

Reagent beads may contain acids or caustic substances. The operator does not come into contact with the reagent beads when following the recommended procedures. The operator should avoid ingestion, skin contact, or inhalation of the reagent beads.

The diluent can be selected from purified water having a conductivity(measured at 25°C) greater than 10 MΩ/cm, we recommend using the sterilized water for injection to reduce discrepancies or errors in test results due to the water, and it should be prevented from being exposed to the air for a long time after opening.

【Symbols Used in Labelling】

Symbol	Explanation
	Veterinary use only
	Manufacturer
	Authorized representative in the European Community
	Use-by date
	Batch code
	Date of manufacture
	Consult instructions for use
	Limit of temperature
	Do not re-use

【Manufacturer】



Tianjin MNCHIP Technologies Co., Ltd.

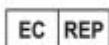
Add.: 1-4F, Area, No.122 Dongting Rd, Development Zone, 300457 Tianjin P.R. China

SRN: CN-MF-000029863

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Learn more about MNCHIP, other products can log in: <http://www.mnchip.com>



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