

[Product Name]

Pancreatitis Profile

[Packing Specification]

Type A: 1 Test / Disc, 10 Discs / Box; Type B: 1 Test / Disc, 10 Discs / Box. Type A without diluent container; Type B with diluent container.

Testing Instrument

Celercare V or Pointcare V chemistry analyzer

【Intended Use】

Pancreatitis Profile used with the Celercare V or the Pointcare V chemistry analyzer, is intended to be used for the in vitro quantitative determination of total Protein (TP), albumin (ALB), calcium (Ca), glucose (GLU), amylase (AMY), lipase (LPS) in heparinized whole blood, heparinized plasma, or serum in a clinical laboratory setting or point-of-care location.

Pancreatitis Profile measurements are used in the diagnosis of pancreatic diseases.

[Principles of Testing]

Pancreatitis Profile is used to quantitatively test the concentration of the six biochemical indicators in the sample, which is based on the spectrophotometry. The principles are as follows:

1. Total Protein (TP)

The total protein method is a Biuret reaction, the protein solution is treated with cupric [Cu(II)] ions in a strong alkaline medium. The Cu(II) ions react with peptide bonds between the carbonyl oxygen and amide nitrogen atoms to form a colored Cu-protein complex.

The amount of total protein present in the sample is directly proportional to the absorbance of the Cu-protein complex. The total protein test is an endpoint reaction and the absorbance is measured as the difference in absorbance between 546 nm and 800 nm.

Total Protein + Cu(II) \longrightarrow Cu-Protein Complex

2. Albumin (ALB)

Bromcresol green (BCG), when bound with albumin, changes color from a yellow to green color. The absorbance maximum changes with the color shift.

BCG + Albumin $\xrightarrow{A \in id pH}$ Albumin Complex

Bound albumin is proportional to the concentration of albumin in the sample. This is an endpoint reaction that is measured as the difference in absorbance between 600 nm and 700 nm.

3. Calcium (Ca)

Calcium in the patient sample binds with arsenazo III to form a calcium-dye complex.

 Ca^{2+} + Arsenazo III $\longrightarrow Ca^{2+}$ -Arsenazo III Complex

It is an endpoint reaction. The amount of total calcium in the sample is proportional to the absorbance.

4. Glucose (GLU)

The reaction of glucose with adenosine triphosphate (ATP) catalyzed by hexokinase (HK), produces glucose-6-phosphate (G-6-P) and adenosine diphosphate (ADP). Glucose-6-phosphate dehydrogenase (G-6-PDH) catalyzes the reaction of G-6-P into 6-phosphogluconate and the reduction of nicotinamide adenine dinucleotide phosphate (NADP⁺) to NADPH.

Glucose + ATP \longrightarrow Glucose-6-Phosphate + ADP G-6-P + NADP⁺ $\xrightarrow{G-6-PDH}$ 6-Phosphogluconate + NADPH+H⁺

The absorbance is measured bichromatically at 340 nm and 405 nm. The production of NADPH is directly proportional to the amount of glucose present in the sample.

5. Amylase (AMY)

In the coupled-enzyme reaction, amylase in the sample hydrolyzes 2-chloro-4-nitrophenyl- β -1,4-galactopyranosylmaltoside (CNP-G2) to 2-chloro-4-nitrophenol (CNP) producing color and 1,4-galactopyranosylmaltoside. The change in absorbance of the CNP is directly proportional to the amylase activity in the sample at 405nm and 505 nm.

$$CNP-G2 \xrightarrow{AMY} CNP + G2$$

6. Lipase (LPS)

The chromogenic lipase substrate 1, 2-o-dilauryl-rac-glycerol-3-glutaric acid-(6'-methylresorufin) ester is cleaved by the catalytic action of lipase to form 1, 2-o-dilauryl-rac-glycerol and an unstable intermediate, glutaric acid -(6-methyl resorufin) ester. This decomposes spontaneously in alkaline solution to form glutaric acid and methylesorufin.

1, 2-o-dilauryl-rac-glycerol-3-glutaric acid-(6'-methylresorufin) ester

glutaric acid -(6-methyl resorufin) ester ______ glutaric acid + methylesorufin

The lipase activity in the specimen is proportional to the production of methylresorufin in the reaction

at 546nm and 700 nm.

[Principle of Operation **]**

Refer to the Celercare V or the Pointcare V chemistry analyzer Operator's Manual, for the Principles and Limitations of the Procedure.

【Description of Reagents】

Each Pancreatitis Profile contains lyophilized test-specific reagent beads. A lyophilized blank reagent bead includes in each disc for a judgment of error 0209.

Type B is the reagent disc with diluent container.

Type A is the reagent disc without diluent container.

Calibration information is included in barcode code. Please check it on the label.

The componen of each Pancreatitis Profile is as follows (after redissolution):

Component	Quantity
Total protein assay reagent	13.5 μL

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Albumin assay reagent	13.5 μL
Calcium assay reagent	9.7 μL
Glucose assay reagent	6.6 µL
Amylase assay reagent	13.5 μL
Lipase assay reagent	13.5µL
Stabilizer	Appropriate amount

[Storage]

Store reagent discs in their sealed pouches at 2-8°C (36-46°F). Do not expose opened or unopened discs to direct sunlight or temperatures above 32°C (90°F). Reagent discs may be used until the expiration date included on the package. The expiration date is also encoded in the unique code printed on the sealing pouch. An error message will appear on the Celercare V or the Pointcare V chemistry analyzer display if the reagents have expired.

A torn or otherwise damaged pouch may allow moisture to reach the unused disc and adversely affect reagent performance. Do not use a disc from a damaged pouch.

[Sample Requirements]

Sample collection techniques are described in the "Sample requirement" section of the Celercare V or the Pointcare V-chemistry analyzer Operator's Manual.

The required sample usage is 100 μ L of lithium heparin whole blood, lithium heparin plasma, serum or quality controls. Please add diluent when using Type A. The required diluent usage is 430 μ L of sterilized water for injection.

Whole blood samples collected by venipuncture must be homogeneous before transferring the sample to a reagent disc.

At the same time, it is necessary to carry out the test within 60 minutes. Before taking the test, shake the lithium heparin blood collection tube gently upside down several times.

Light may cause total bilirubin to decompose, causing deviations in the test results. Whole blood samples that are not tested immediately should be stored in a dark environment.

Use only lithium heparin evacuated specimen collection tubes for whole blood or plasma samples.

The test was started within 10 minutes after transferring the sample to the reagent disc.

[Interfering Substances]

Studies on known drugs or chemicals have found that when the interfering substances contained in the sample exceed the contents in the table below, the final test results are affected.

		Interferir	ig substances concentration	on (\leq)	
	Bilirubin	Intralipid	Hemoglobin	Vitamin C	Mg^{2+}
Analyte	mg/dL	mg/dL	mg/dL	mg/dL	mmol/L
TP	25	1050	200		
ALB	40	600	1000		
Ca	180	210	200	75	3
GLU	40	600	1000	50	



AMY	40	1000	400	100	
LPS	50	1000	50	30	

[Procedure]

Materials Provided

Pancreatitis Profile

Celercare V or Pointcare V chemistry analyzer

Please add diluent into the diluent port when using Type A (sterilized water for injection); please tear off the aluminum strip before using for Type B.

Transfer pipettes (fixed volume 100 μ L for sample and 430 μ L for diluent) and tips

Test Procedure

The complete sample collection and step-by-step operating procedures are detailed in the Celercare V or the Pointcare V chemistry analyzer Operator's Manual.

Calibration

Each batch of reagent is calibrated using Randox standard serum to obtain the disc-specific calibration parameters before shipment.

The calibration parameters stored in the two-dimentional code printed on the sealed pouch are provided to analyzer at the time of scanning the code.

Refer to the Celercare V or the Pointcare V chemistry analyzer Operator's Manual for the specific information.

Quality Control

Refer to Operator's Manual of the Celercare V or the Pointcare V chemistry analyzer. Performance of the Celercare V or the Pointcare V chemistry analyzer can be verified by running controls. For a list of approved quality control materials with acceptance ranges.

If control results are out of range, repeat one time. If still out of range, call MNCHIP customer service or local distributers for technical support. Do not report the results if controls are outside their labeled limits.

Results

The Celercare V or the Pointcare V chemistry analyzer automatically calculates and prints the analyte concentrations in the sample. Details of the endpoint and rate reaction calculations are found in the Celercare V or the Pointcare V chemistry analyzer Operator's Manual.

[Normal Reference Ranges]

These ranges are provided as a guideline only. It is recommended that your office or institution establish normal ranges for your particular patient population.

Analyte	SI Units	Common Units
ТР	Dog: 52 ~ 82g/L;	Dog: 5.2 ~ 8.2g/dL;
IF	Cat: $54 \sim 89 \text{g/L}$	Cat: $5.4 \sim 8.9 \text{g/dL}$
ALD	Dog: 22 ~ 44g/L;	Dog: 2.2 ~ 4.4 g/dL;
ALB	Cat: $22 \sim 45 \text{g/L}$	Cat: $2.2 \sim 4.5 \text{ g/dL}$



Ca	Dog: 1.98 ~ 2.95mmol/L;	Dog: 7.9 ~ 11.8mg/dL;
	Cat: $1.95 \sim 2.95 \text{mmol/L}$	Cat: $7.8 \sim 11.8 \text{mg/dL}$
CLU	Dog: 3.89 ~ 7.95mmol/L	Dog: $70 \sim 143 mg/dL$
GLU	Cat: $4.11 \sim 8.84$ mmol/L	Cat: $74 \sim 159 mg/dL$
AMY	Dog: 400 ~ 3500U/L;	Dog: 400 ~ 3500U/L;
AMI	Cat: 400 ~ 3500U/L	Cat: 400 ~ 3500U/L
LPS	Dog: $0 \sim 258 \text{ U/L}$;	Dog:0~258 U/L ;
	Cat: 0 ~ 143 U/L	Cat: 0~143U/L

【Interpretation of Results】

Physiological interferents (hemolysis, icterus and lipemia) cause changes in the reported concentrations of some analytes. The sample indices are printed on the bottom of each printout to inform the operator about the abnormal sample. The operator should avoid sample hemolysis caused by irregular blood collection.

The Celercare V or the Pointcare V chemistry analyzer suppresses any results that are affected by >10% interference from hemolysis, lipemia or icterus. "HEM", "LIP", or "ICT" respectively, is printed on the printout in place of the result.

Any result for a particular test that exceeds the assay range should be analyzed by another approved test method or sent to a referral laboratory. Do not dilute the sample and run it again on the Celercare V or the Pointcare V chemistry analyzer.

[Limitations of Procedure]

The Pancreatitis Profile should be used with the Celercare V or the Pointcare V chemistry analyzer, and is just used for in vitro diagnosis (IVD).

As with any diagnostic test procedure, all other test procedures including the clinical status of the patient, should be considered prior to final diagnosis.

[Performance Characteristics **]**

Accuracy

Analyte	The relative deviation or absolute deviation should meet the following requirements
ТР	$B\% \le 6.0\%$
ALB	$\mathrm{B\%} \leq 6.0\%$
Ca	$\mathrm{B\%} \leq 5.0\%$
GLU	$\mathrm{B}\% \leq 20.0\%$
AMY	$\mathrm{B}\% \leq 10.0\%$
LPS	$B\% \leqslant 15\%$

Batch precision

	Analyte	Coefficient of variation ($\leq *$)
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TP	5.0%	
ALB	2.0%	
Ca	5.0%	
GLU	5.0%	
AMY	5.0%	
LPS	5%	

Inter batch precision

Analyte	Relative Range (≤ *)	
TP	10.0%	
ALB	10.0%	
Ca	10.0%	
GLU	10.0%	
AMY	10.0%	
LPS	10.0%	

Dynamic Ranges

Analyte	Dynamic Ranges
TP	$20 \sim 100 g/L$
ALB	$10 \sim 60 \text{g/L}$
Ca	$0.5 \sim 4 mmol/L$
GLU	$1 \sim 35 \text{ mmol/L}$
AMY	$5 \sim 3500 \text{ U/L}$
LPS	$0 \sim 350 \text{ U/L}$

Notes

Used reagent discs contain animal body fluids. Follow good laboratory safety practices when handling and disposing of used discs. See the Celercare V or the Pointcare V chemistry analyzer Operator's Manual for instructions on cleaning biohazardous spills.

The reagent discs are plastic and may crack or chip if dropped. Never use a dropped disc as it may spray biohazardous material throughout the interior of the analyzer.

Reagent beads may contain acids or caustic substances. The operator does not come into contact with the reagent beads when following the recommended procedures. The operator should avoid ingestion, skin contact, or inhalation of the reagent beads.

The diluent can be selected from purified water having a conductivity(measured at 25 °C) greater than 10 MΩ/cm, we recommend using the sterilized water for injection to reduce discrepancies or errors in test results due to the water, and it should be prevented from being exposed to the air for a long time after opening.

(Symbols Used in Labelling **)**



Symbol	Explanation
Veterinary	Veterinary use only
***	Manufacturer
EC REP	Authorized representative in the European Community
2	Use-by date
LOT	Batch code
~~	Date of manufacture
Ţ,	Consult instructions for use
20.1.80	Limit of temperature
8	Do not re-use

[Manufacturer]



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